

## A COMPLETE PHONICS RESOURCE TO SUPPORT CHILDREN



## Teach reading: change lives

Parent workshop: Phonics and early reading





# A love of reading is the biggest indicator of future academic success.

**OECD** (The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development)



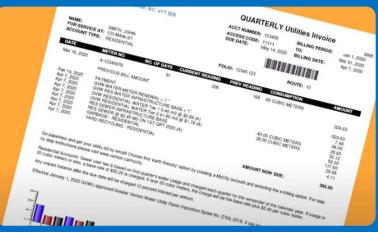
## How many times have you already read today?













## **Phonics**



#### Little Wandle Letters and Sounds Revised

Our school has chosen

Little Wandle Letters and

Sounds Revised as our

systematic, synthetic phonics

(SSP) programme to teach

early reading and spelling.







#### **Phonics is:**

making connections between the sounds of our spoken words and the letters that are used to write them down.









Some children learn to blend really quickly, and others take a little longer. If your child is finding it difficult, ask your child's teacher for ways to help at home – playing blending games at home is so helpful!

### Terminology



#### Phoneme

The smallest unit of sound that can be identified in words.

#### Grapheme

A letter or group of letters used to represent a particular phoneme when writing. 'A sound written down'

#### Digraph

Two letters to represent one phoneme e.g. ai, ch

#### **Trigraph**

Three letters to represent one sound e.g. air, ear

#### Split vowel digraph

Digraph representing a vowel sound where its two letters are split by a consonant (for example, 'a\_e' in 'take')

#### **Blend**

To combine individual phonemes into a whole word, working all the way through from left to right.

#### Segment

Identify each of the individual phonemes in a word. This is an important first stage of writing (spelling) a word but needs to be practised orally first. Counting the phonemes is often helpful.

Teaching order – we teach four new sounds a week and have a review lesson on a Friday. You will get a list of the sounds that we are learning to have at home. This will help you with formation and pronunciation.



Grapheme and mnemonic	Picture card	Pronunciation phrase	Formation phrase				
<b>S</b> S	Snake	Show your teeth and and let the s hiss out ssssss ssssss	Under the snake's chin, slide down and round its tail.				
a a	astronaut	Open your mouth wide and make the 'a' sound at the back of your mouth a a a	Around the astronaut's helmet, and down into space.				
t	tiger	Open your lips; put the tip of your tongue behind your teeth and press ttt	From the tiger's nose to its tail, then follow the stripe across the tiger.				
p p	penguin	Bring your lips together and push them open and say <b>p p p</b>	Down the penguin's back, up and round its head.				
i	iquana	pull your lips back and make the 't' sound at the back of your mouth tti	Down the iguana's body, then draw a dot (on the leaf) at the top.				
		Open your lips a bit,put your	Down the stick, up and over the				

Grapheme and mnemonic	Picture card	Pronunciation phrase	Formation phrase
j	jellyfish	Pucker your lips and show your teeth use your tongue as you say j j j	All the way down the jellyfish. Dot on its head.
V	volcano	Put your teeth against your bottom lip and make a buzzing <b>vvvv vvvv</b>	Down to the bottom of the volcano, and back up to the top.
W V	Wave	Pucker your lips and keep them small as you say <b>w</b> <b>w w</b>	From the top of the wave to the bottom, up the wave, down the wave, then up again.
X		Mouth open then push the cs/x sound through as you close your mouth cs cs cs (x x x)	Start at the top, then across to the bottom of the box. Start at the top, then across to the bottom of the box.

## Gradually your child learns the entire alphabetic code:



#### Little Wandle Letters and Sounds Revised 2021: Programme progression Reception and Year 1 overviews

This programme overview shows the progression of GPCs and tricky words that we teach term-by-term. The progression has been organised so that children are taught from the simple to more complex GPCs, as well as taking into account the frequency of their occurrence in the most commonly encountered words. All the graphemes taught are practised in words, sentences, and later on, in fully decodable books. Children review and revise GPCs and words, daily, weekly and across terms and years, in order to move this knowledge into their long term memory.

Children need to learn to read as quickly as reasonably possible, so they can move from learning to read, to reading to learn, giving them access to the treasure house of reading. Our expectations of progression are aspirational yet achievable if schools maintain pace, practice and participation by all children. Children who are not keeping-up with their peers should be given additional practice immediately through keep-up sessions.

#### Reception

Autumn 1 Phase 2 graphemes	New tricky words				
s a t p i n m d g o c k ck e u r h b f l	is I the				
Autumn 2 Phase 2 graphemes	New tricky words				
ff ll ss j v w x y z zz qu ch sh th ng nk words with —s /s/ added at the end (hats sits) words ending —s /z/ (his) and with —s /z/ added at the end (bags)	put* pull* full* as and has his her go no to into she push* he of we me be				

\*The tricky words 'put', 'pull', 'full' and 'push' may not be tricky in some regional pronunciations; in which case, they should not be treated as such.

Spring 1 Phase 3 graphemes	New tricky words
ai ee igh oa oo <b>oo</b> ar or ur ow oi ear air er • words with double letters • lonaer words	was you they my by all are sure pure

Spring 2 Phase 3 graphemes	No new tricky words	
Review Phase 3 Innger words, including those with double letters words with —s /z/ in the middle words with —es /z/ at the end words with —s /s/ and /z/ at the end	Review all taught so far	

Summer 1 Phase 4	New tricky words
Short vowels with adjacent consonants  CVCC CCVC CCVCC CCCVC CCCVCC  longer words and compound words	said so have like some come love do were here little says there when what one out today

#### Year 1

Autumn 1	Review tricky words Phases 2–4					
Review Phase 3 and 4 Phase 5  ai  ay play  ow  ou cloud  oi  oy toy  ea  ea each	Phases 2—4: the put* pull* full* push* to into I no go of he she we me be was you they all are my by sure pure said have like so do some come love were there little one when out what says here today					

<sup>\*</sup>The tricky words 'put', 'pull', 'full' and 'push' may not be tricky in some regional pronunciations; in which case, they should not be treated as such.

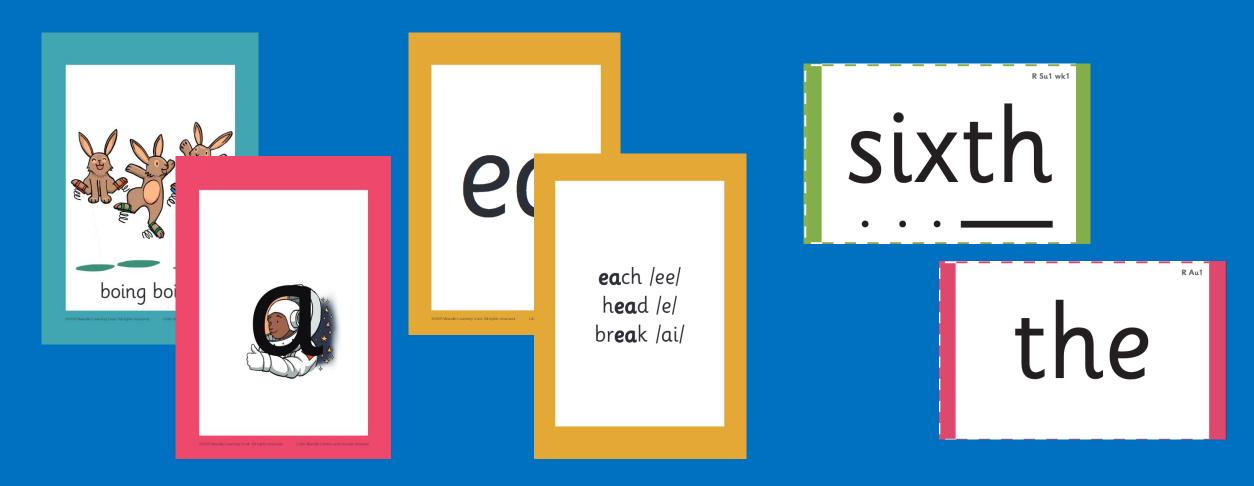
Autumn 2 Phase 5 graphemes	New tricky words
fur/ ir bird figh/ ie pie foo/ fyoo/ ue blue rescue fyoo/ u unicorn foa/ o go figh/ i tiger fai/ a paper fee/ e he fai/ a-e shake figh/ i-e time foa/ o-e home foo/ fyoo/ u-e rude cute fee/ e-e these foo/ fyoo/ ew chew new foe/ ie shield for/ aw claw	their people oh your Mr Mrs Ms ask* could would should our house mouse water want

<sup>\*</sup>The tricky word 'ask' may not be tricky in some regional pronunciations; in which case, it should not be treated as such.

Spring 1 Phase 5 graphemes	New tricky words
last of former	

How we make learning stick - each sound that we teach to begin with has either a mnemonic (like the astronaut that you can see here) or a phrase like boing-boing for 'oi'. This helps the children recognise and remember the graphemes. Every time we teach a new sound, we also read words during the phonics lesson that contain that new sound so that the children practise what they have learned. We then go on to reading a sentence containing some of those words.







## Reading and spelling



Reading and spelling – this is an example of what children learn in Year 1.

Children learn that there are **graphemes** that can have different sounds, and sounds that can be made with different letters.



each /ee/ head /e/ break /ai/

## And all the different ways to write the phoneme sh:



shell chef special

caption mansion passion









## Spelling

- Say the word.
- Segment the sounds.
- Count the sounds.
- Write them down.

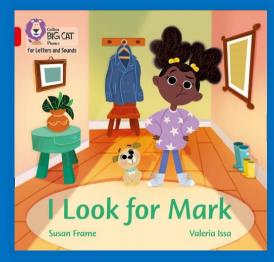


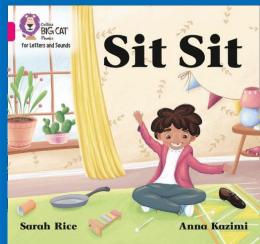




#### **Reading practice sessions are:**

- timetabled every week
- taught by a trained teacher/teaching assistant
- taught in small groups.







## We use assessment to match your child the right level of book



Little	Wandle	Letters	and	Sounds	Revised	Reception	
Child	assessm	ent				•	

#### Autumn 1

sat

man

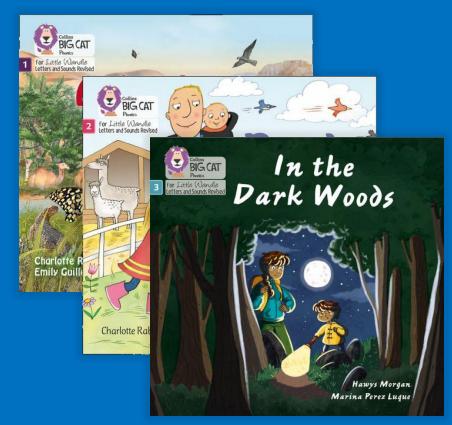
m	а	р	С	0
S	g	k	u	h
i	t	n	r	f
d	ck	е	b	l
	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

hug

red

pe<u>ck</u>





We assess your child every six weeks to check progress. Any child who needs extra support has daily keep-up sessions planned for them

### Reading a book at the right level



#### This means that your child should:

- Know all the sounds and tricky words in their phonics book well
- Read many of the words by silent blending (in their head) – their reading will be automatic
- Only need to stop and sound out about 5% of the words by the time the have read the book a few times.





## Reading at home

## The most important thing you can do is read with your child



Reading a book and chatting had a positive impact a year later on children's ability to...

- understand words and sentences
- use a wide range of vocabulary
- develop listening comprehension skills.

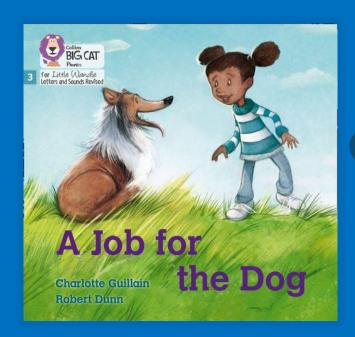
The amount of books children were exposed to by age 6 was a positive predictor of their reading ability two years later.





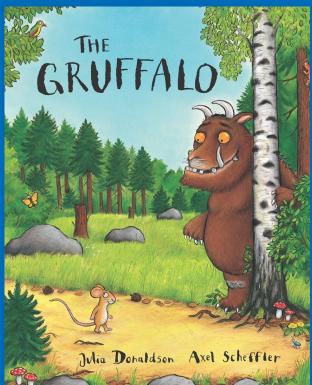
### LETTERS AND SOUNDS REVISED

#### PRACTICE READING BOOK





#### **BEDTIME STORY**







#### The shared book is for YOU to read:

- Make the story sound as exciting as you can by changing your voice.
- Talk with your child as much as you can:
  - Introduce new and exciting language
  - Encourage your child to use new vocabulary
  - Make up sentences together
  - Find different words to use
  - Describe things you see.



## Supporting your child with phonics



It is really important that you pronounce the sounds correctly at home if you are supporting your child.



Phase 2 sounds taught in Reception Autumn 1



Phase 2 sounds taught in Reception Autumn 2



Phase 3 sounds taught in Reception Spring 1



## Listening to your child read their phonics book

- Your child should be able to read their book without your help.
- If they can't read a word read it to them.
- Talk about the book and celebrate their success.



# Click on the video below to watch the sounds taught in Y1. Phase 5 sounds focuses on the alternative spellings.





Phase 5 sounds taught in Y1

Grow the code grapheme chart Phase 2, 3 and 5														
s s ss c se ce st sc	t tt	P P PP	n n nn kn gn	m m mm mb	d dd	9 99	c k ck cc ch	r r rr wr	ħ h	b bb	f f ff ph	t t tl tle al	j g dge ge	v vv ve
w wh	×	9	z z zz s se ze	<b>g</b> u qu	ch tch ture	sh ch ti ssi si	sh th	ng ng	n <b>ik</b> nk	a a	e e ea	i y	o a	и и о-е ои
ai ay a a-e eigh aigh ey	ee ea e e e e e e e e	igh ie i i-e y	oa o oe ou oe ow	ue u-e ew ou ui	yoo ue u u-e ew	oo u oul	ar a* al*	or aw au aur oor al a oar ore	ur er ir or	ow ou	oi oy	ear ere eer	air are ere ear	zh su si





# One of the greatest gifts adults can give is to read to children

Carl Sagan

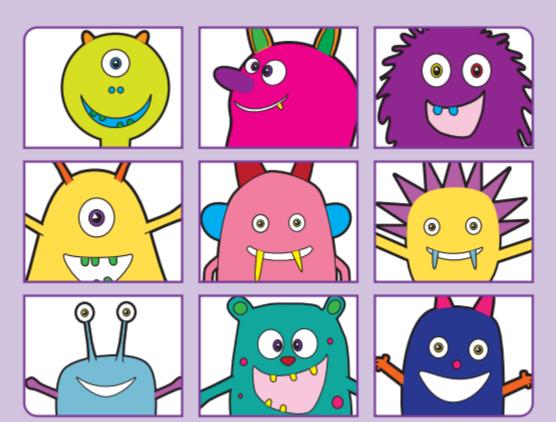


2022 national curriculum assessments

## **Key stage 1**

#### Phonics screening check

Pupils' materials







### **Year 1 Phonic Screening**

- Schools will administer the Year 1
   Phonics Screening Check the week
   beginning Monday 12th June 2023.
- Every child in year 1 must complete the test.



### What does the test look like?

- The check consists of 40 words which consist of 20 'real' words and 20 'nonsense words.'
- Your child will be asked to read these words with their class teacher
- By the time the children complete the test in June, they will have already completed a number of practice tests in Y1.
- There is no time limit on completing the test.

#### Screening check: answer sheet

First name	
Last name	

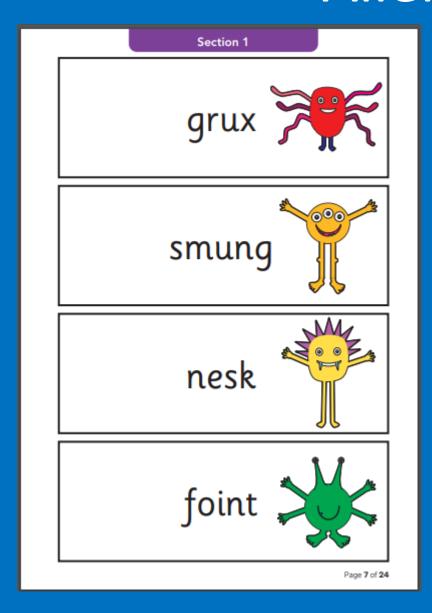
**Screening check responses:** Please tick the appropriate box for each word. The use of the comment box is optional.

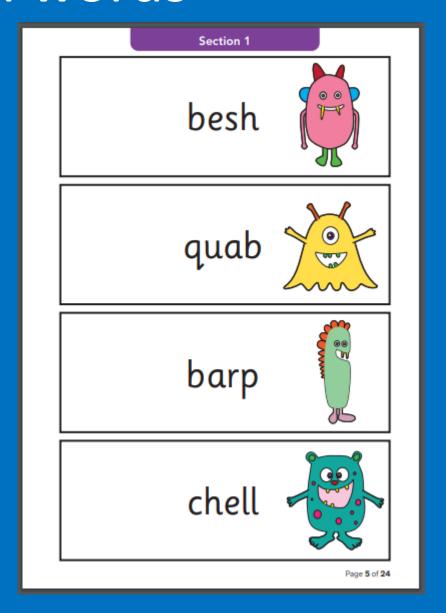
Section 1					
Word	Correct	Incorrect	Comment		
bem					
dax					
kig					
eld					
besh					
quab					
barp					
chell					
grux					
smung					
nesk					
foint					
thud					
hang					
coin					
shell					
twig					
flick					
vest					
horns					

Section 2					
Word	Correct	Incorrect	Comment		
vair					
cloat					
tirt					
whike					
plunt					
flards					
spran					
splew					
globe					
teams					
bowl					
chase					
print					
clouds					
spree					
stroke					
visit					
fabric					
trapeze					
concrete					



## Alien words







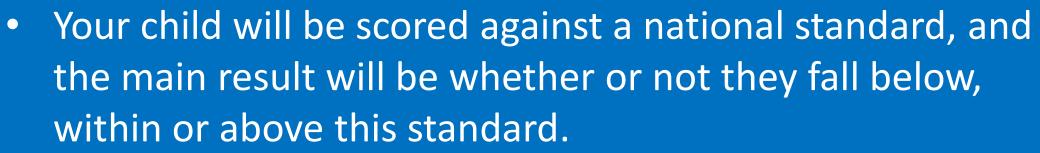
## Real words



Section 2 globe teams bowl chase Page 17 of 24

Section 1 thud hang coin shell Page 9 of 24

#### What will my child's score mean?





- In 2022, the "pass threshold" was 32, which means children had to read at least 32 words out of 40 correctly. The threshold mark is communicated to schools at the end of June, after the test has been taken, so that teachers can mark the Check.
- You will be told how your child did, but schools' results will not be published. If your child's score falls below the standard, they will be given extra phonics help and can retake the Phonics screening check in Year 2 (June 2024).

## How can I help my child prepare?

- Little Wandle
  LETTERS AND
  SOUNDS
  REVISED
- You can help your child prepare for their Phonics Screening Check by going over the phonics they have learnt in Reception and Year 1.
- Read new books and stories with them where they will be introduced to new words that they will have to sound out.
- Provide plenty of opportunities for word reading practice of both Phase 5 real and alien words: children should add their own sound buttons to the word cards and then decide if they are real or alien.



### What if my child is behind?

To ensure your child is on track, we aim for them to be able to read at least 20 words on a practice phonic screening by Christmas. If they score below 20, we will speak to you about how we can provide extra support at school and how you can help your child at home.

### **Useful Websites and Apps**



- generates lists of alien words by Phase.
- Reading Eggs- your child has a login
- good for enunciation
- online games
- short videos practising segmenting and blending skills